

## Problem set on Constraint optimization

Q-1 Use the method of Lagrange multipliers in the following problems.

- (a) Maximize  $x^2y$  on the unit circle
- (b) Find all points on the hyperbola  $xy=1$  that lie closest to the origin
- (c) Find all points on the surface  $xyz=1$  closest to the origin.
- (d) Minimize  $f(x,y,z) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$  on the line of intersection of the planes  $x+2y+3z=0$  and  $2x+3y+z=-4$
- (e) The plane  $2y+4z-5=0$  meets the cone  $z^2=4(x^2+y^2)$  in a single curve. Find the point on this curve closest to the origin.
- (f) Maximize  $x^2+y^2$  st  $x^2+xy+y^2=3$   
( $x,y$ )



Q-2 A firm that uses two inputs to produce output has the production function  $4x^{1/4}y^{3/4}$ . The price of output is 1 and the price of each input is 1. The firm is constraint to use exactly 1000 units of input  $x$ .

- How much of input  $y$  does it use?
- What is approximately the maximum amount the firm is willing to pay to be allowed to use  $\epsilon$  more units of input  $x$ , for  $\epsilon$  small?

Q-3 The output of a good is  $x^a y$  where  $x$  and  $y$  are the amounts of two inputs and  $a > 1$  is a parameter. A government controlled firm is directed to maximize output subject to meeting the constraint  $2x + y = 12$ .

- Solve the firm's problem.
- Use the envelope theorem to find how the maximal output changes as the parameter  $a$  varies.